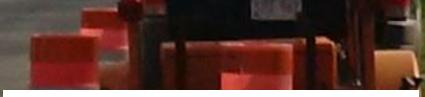


'Slow Down' or 'Not to Slow Down' A Before-after study on effectiveness of SLOWS trailers in Calgary





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Outline

IntroductionBefore-after speed studyMethodology

- Speed data collection
- Analysis of results

Conclusions

Next Steps/Further Research

Lessons Learned from Calgary



Introduction

- Vehicle Activated Traffic Calming Signs (VATCS)
- Speed Limit Observation and Warning System (SLOWS)
- SLOWS vs iSLOWS
- City of Calgary's SLOWS trailers rotation program



iSLOWS

SLOWS Trailer



Before-after speed study

Objectives:

- To evaluate the effectiveness of SLOWS trailers in reducing speed during rotation
- To evaluate if there is any lasting effect

Study locations:

Location 1 – Maple Creek Drive & Maple Ridge Cres. SE, Calgary

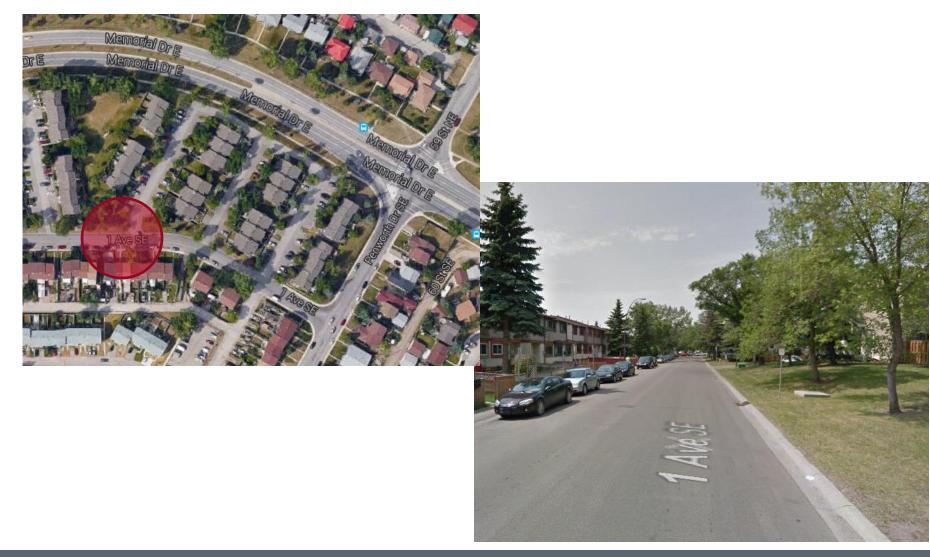
(Speed limit: 50 km/h)

Comparison site: 20 Street & 29 Av SW (Speed limit: 50 km/h)





Location 2 – 1 Avenue & Penworth Drive SE, Calgary (Playground Zone)





Methodology

Data Collection:

- 24 hour speed data collected using rubber tubes
- Connected to automated counter
- 1-2 weeks before, during installation and 2 weeks after removal of the SLOWS trailers

Location 1: (Speed Limit 50 km/h)

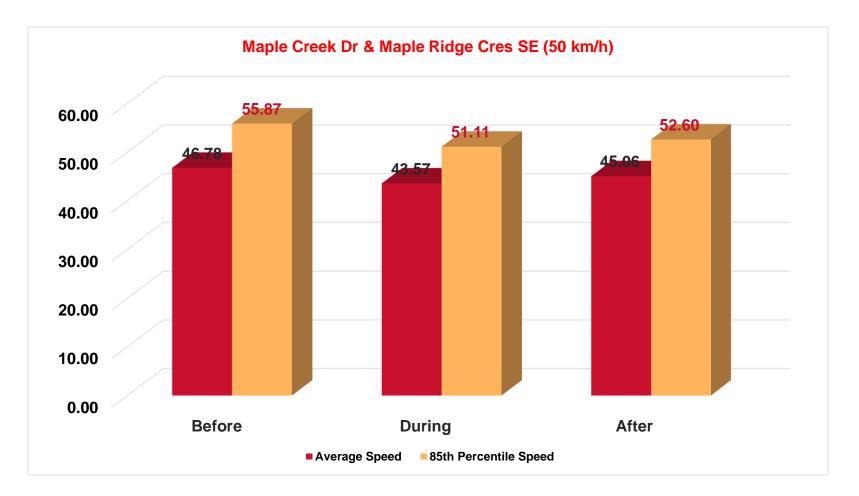
Statistic	Before	During	After
Mean Speed (km/h)	46.78	43.57	45.06
85 th Percentile Speed (km/h)	55.87	51.11	52.60
Standard Deviation	9.97	8.42	7.77

Comparison site: (Speed Limit 50 km/h)

Statistic	Before	No	After
Mean Speed (km/h)	47.52	SLOWS	47.53
85 th Percentile Speed (km/h)	53.54	trailer	54.19
Standard Deviation	6.64	installed	7.06



Results:





Significance tests:

T-Tests: Before & during, Before & after removal of SLOWS trailers

Null Hypothesis (H0): Mean Speeds before and during SLOWS trailer are equal Reject H0: We can say with 95% confidence that mean speeds are significantly different

Cannot reject H0: There is not sufficient evidence to reject null hypothesis that the two mean speeds are equal

ANOVA



Results: Before & During SLOWS trailers

Mean speed reduced by 3.21 km/h from 46.78 km/h to 43.57 km/h (Statistically significant at 95% confidence level:

t Stat 6.70>tCritical 1.96)

Before & After removal:

Mean speed reduced by 1.72 km/h from 46.78 km/h to 45.06 km/h (Statistically significant at 95% confidence level)

ANOVA: F= 24.90> Fcrit (2.99), (p-value= 2.01E-11<0.05)

i.e. Null hypothesis that mean speeds were not significantly different was rejected.

85th percentile speed: Reduced from 55.87 km/h to 51.11 km/h

Comparison site:

Mean speed: Increased from 47.52 km/h to 47.53 during the same period 85th percentile speed: Increased from 53.54 km/h to 54.19 km/h



Percentage of vehicles exceeding speed limit:

Location 1

Before	During	After
40.41%	21.08%	26.76%

Comparison site:

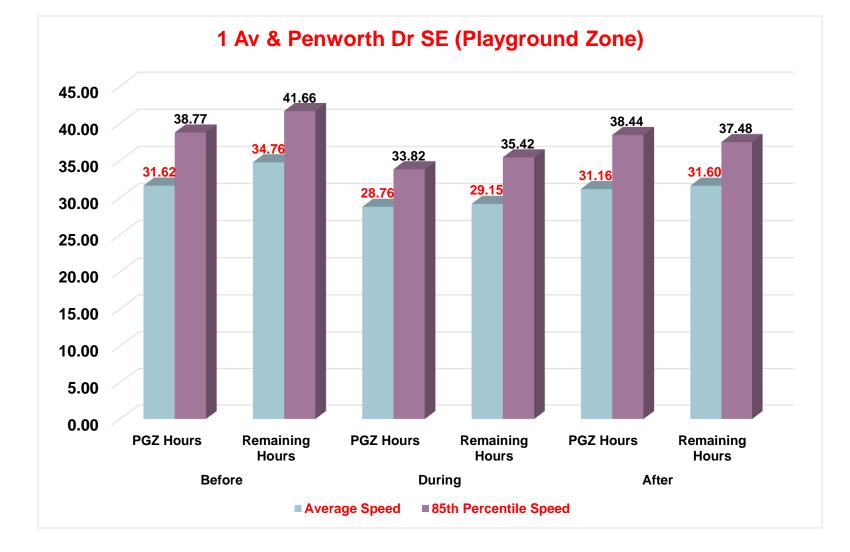
Before	After
32.36%	35.84%



Location 2: Playground Zone

Statistic	B	efore	D	uring	A	After
	PGZ	Remaining	PGZ	Remaining	PGZ	Remaining
	Hours	Hours	Hours	Hours	Hours	Hours
Mean Speed (km/h)	31.62	34.76	28.76	29.15	31.16	31.60
85 th Percentile Speed (km/h)	38.77	41.66	33.82	35.42	38.44	37.48
Standard Deviation	7.06	7.43	5.45	6.05	6.61	6.76

Calgary





Results: Before & During SLOWS trailers

Playground zone hours: Mean speed reduced by 2.86 km/h from 31.62 km/h to 28.76 km/h (Statistically significant at 95% confidence level: t Stat 4.93>tCritical 1.96)

After hours: Mean speed reduced by 5.61 km/h from 34.76 km/h to 29.15 km/h (Statistically significant at 95% confidence level: t Stat 4.79>tCritical 1.96)

Results: Before & After removal of SLOWS trailers Playground zone hours: 31 61 km/h to 31.16 km/h Not statistically significant After hours: 34.76 km/h to 31.59 km/h (Statistically significant at 95% confidence level)



Percentage of vehicles exceeding speed limit:

Location 2: Playground zone hours

Before	During	After
57.38%	39.24%	52.32%

After hours:

Before and after periods: Negligible During SLOWS trailers: None



Conclusions

- SLOWS trailers appear to be effective in reducing speeds during installation as well as after removal
- Positive effects of SLOWS trailers still remained after 2 weeks of removal, evident from the reduced mean, 85th percentile speeds and smaller percentage of vehicles exceeding speed limit
- 2.86 km/h 5.61 km/h mean speed reduction was observed during the before-after speed study



Next steps/Further research

> Optimal rotation period before the effect fades down,

Multiple rotations at the same location supported with police enforcement,

Technological upgrades: Display, data collection capability/uses/liability of such data

Size of fleet. It's nice to have more of such devices but how much can a Municipality afford given the limited resources to purchase and move them around in a frequent basis,

Issues with solar powered battery life: alternate power source?

Direct request from 311 – more of PR tool than actual problem solving in some cases as often people request but there is not really a speeding issue



Lessons learned from Calgary's SLOWS trailer rotation program

Currently 8 SLOWS trailers for 14 wards; doesn't seem enough. Strong desire to have at least one per ward

Optimal rotation time: 2 weeks? Seems right! Longer periods may result in non compliance

Current fleet displays speed of an oncoming vehicle. Often, drivers seem to be speeding to test their speed. Desire to have "SLOW DOWN" message displayed instead of actual speed when speed limit is exceeded
Issues with solar powered batteries. Often, keeps one or two units out of service because of such issues. Desire to have larger solar panels to increase battery life

Speed data collection capability: Current fleet doesn't have this capability. Frequent requests from citizens to have the speed data recorded and passed to Calgary Police for enforcement. Desire to have this capability in new fleet.





Thank you!